3 Planet Earth

VOCABULARY

Fundraising (verb + noun collocations)

♦ Student's Book p33

1	★☆☆	Match the fundraising collocations with the
	examp	les.

1	F_raise funds	5make a difference
2	find sponsors	6sign a petition
3	promote a cause	7hold an event
4	reach a target	

- A This project will have an important and positive effect on the people.
- **B** We're looking for people or companies who will give our charity some money.
- **C** This is the result that we are trying to achieve.
- **D** We want lots of people to know about what we're doing.
- E Please write your name and address here to say you support this idea.
- F We're collecting money to build a new youth club.
- **G** We're organizing a large meeting on Saturday.

2 ★★☆ Complete the words.

1	Planting trees is one way to save the $p \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
2	Lots of people d money to this charity.
3	The politician launched her c to become president at a large meeting in her home town.
4	Suni g a few hours of his time each week to help out at the retirement home.
5	After two years, Laura achieved her g of running a marathon.
6	Over 5,000 people signed the p to protect the local forest.
7	Some people sa cause by volunteering.
8	Do you think these posters about environmental issues will m a difference?

3 ★★☆ Complete the email with the correct form of the verb + noun collocations below.

donate money find sponsors hold an event launch a campaign promote our cause raise funds reach the target

Halla	
Hello,	
I'm a member of Highfields youth group. We ¹ are raising funds to rebuild our youth centre and would like to ask for your help.	
Last month, we ² to rebuild the community centre and we asked the local newspaper to write an article about it. Since then, more than 50 people	
of £10,000.	
What do you think is the best way to to contribute to the	
project? Do you think it's a good idea to 6 in the city park? What	
else can we do to ⁷ ?	
I look forward to hearing from you soon.	
Kind regards,	
Marcus Jones	
Highfields Youth Group	
♣ Reply	
★☆ Write an email to a youth group suggesting how hey could raise more money to help build a new youth entre. Include at least four fundraising collocations.	

Nature and the environment

- Student's Book p34
- 5 ★☆☆ Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with the words below.

carbon footprint damage green greenhouse gases habitats species













- 1 Plastic pollution causes a huge amount of <u>damage</u> to our oceans.
- 2 There has been a lot investment in clean energy to reduce the country's _____recently.
- 3 These factories emit large amounts of _____into the atmosphere.
- **4** The city farm helps young people find out about different ______ of animal.
- 5 One of the biggest threats facing wild animals like tigers is the loss of their natural ______.
- 6 It's great to see so many _____ products available in the supermarket these days.

6	☆☆☆	Complete the	article with	the	words	below
---	-----	--------------	--------------	-----	-------	-------

change damage green greenhouse habitats sustainable

Planting trees

Among all the incredible scientific breakthroughs and
¹ green technologies that are being used to tackle
climate ² , one of the most important
things that we can do is plant trees. When trees grow,
they absorb and store carbon dioxide - the number one
³ gas. Planting trees can also help to
restore the natural ⁴ of plants and
animal life and reverse some of the terrible
⁵ that has been done around the world
by years of deforestation. It can also help to create a
better connection between humans and nature. But
most importantly, trees reduce carbon dioxide levels,
making it the number one thing we can do to create a
future.

7 * Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.

nergy projects exist in your country? W cts do you use?	hat

EXTRA Verbs related to change

- 8 ★★☆ Complete the sentences with the correct verbs.
 - 1 The town is planning to e s t a b | i s h a new park on the site of the old factory.
 - 2 I'm sure this climate campaign will i _____ the next generation of young people.
 - 3 The new transport system will t _____ the way we travel around the city.
 - 4 By protecting our ancient forests, we wille _____ that the plants and animals survive.
 - 5 By planting lots of trees and plants in the park, we are going to try to r ______ an ancient forest.

3 GRAMMAR

Future tenses: will, be going to, present simple and continuous for future

Student's Book p35

- 1 ★☆☆ Choose the correct sentence.
 - 1 (prediction)
 - (A) I think most of my classmates will be very successful.
 - **B** I think most of my classmates are going to be very successful.
 - **2** (plan)
 - A Tom and Alesha have a party this evening.
 - **B** Tom and Alesha are having a party this evening.
 - 3 (intention)
 - A I will start running and get really fit next year.
 - **B** I'm going to start running and get really fit next year.
 - 4 (timetabled event)
 - A The flight leaves at 8.35 a.m. Don't be late!
 - **B** The flight is going to leave at 8.35 a.m. Don't be late!
 - 5 (prediction)
 - A Your dog is growing fast. He's really big in a few months.
 - **B** Your dog is growing fast. He's going to be really big in a few months.
- 2 ★☆☆ Complete the sentences with the verbs below.

's going to help are meeting will help 'll carry will you sign won't be

- 1 In twenty years' time, there won't be any cars on the road that use petrol or diesel.
- 2 I hope this new advertising campaign

	us find some sponsors.
My friends and I	this evening

- 3 My friends and I ______ this evening to prepare our presentation for the meeting on Friday.
- 4 _____ this petition to stop the new road being built through the park?
- 5 Next year, Layla out at the local kids' club.
- 6 Those bags look heavy. I _____ them for you.

3 ★★☆ Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the present simple, present continuous, will or be going to future form of the verbs in brackets.













1 The train to Manchester leaves (leave) at 12.15.

2	I	(play) tennis with Mike on
	Tuesday evening.	

- 3 Finn runs towards the goal. He ______(score)!
- 4 Don't worry! I _____ (help) you.
- 5 I hope I (get) a new video game for Christmas.
- 6 Tomorrow, it _____ (be) sunny all day.
- 4 ★★★ Read the message from a friend. Write a reply using at least three different future forms.

ì	Hello. Are you going to the cinema on Saturday?
	What time is the film? Where are you meeting? And
	any plans on Sunday?
_	

Hnit 2	DI	lan	~ +	En	-	h

Future continuous

	€	Student's Book p37				
5		☆☆ Are the sentences correct (C) or incor	re	ct (I)	?	
	1	Humans will be eat less meat in the future	C		I	✓
	2	This time tomorrow, I'll sit on the beach.	C		I	
	3	Will you seeing your friends this weekend?	С		I	
	4	Will you be living in the same house in				
		three years' time?	C		I	
	5	This time next week, I'm taking my exam.	С		I	
	6	In 20 years' time, people won't be driving				
		so much.	С		I	
	7	Daria will be visiting her grandparents in				
		July.	С		I	
	8	Don't come at 7 p.m., because we'll be				
		having dinner then.	С		I	
	9	People won't be live on the moon in this				
		century.	С		I	
6		☆☆ Complete the text with the affirmative	e d	or ne	eg	ative
		ture continuous form of the verbs in brack			Ŭ	
					_	Q
		In Copenhagen, the capital city of Denmark, sustainability very seriously. In fact, its leade		-		е
		that by 2025, the city's residents ¹ will be livin				1
		the world's first zero carbon city. They are ge	•			
		to achieving their goals.				
		Transport is an important part of the plan. C	urr	entl	y,	
		over 60% of residents cycle to work or schoo	ol, a	and		
		they expect more people ²				
		(cycle) in the future. They ³				
		(make) public transport more efficient, attra cheaper to use, so that by 2025, people in th			nc	1
		(use) their cars at a		ity		

Green power generation is also key. They are building wind turbines, solar panels and a smart citywide heating system. By 2025, they hope the

The way people eat will also need to change. By 2025, it is hoped that residents of the city

instead 7

throughout the winter using 100% renewable energy.

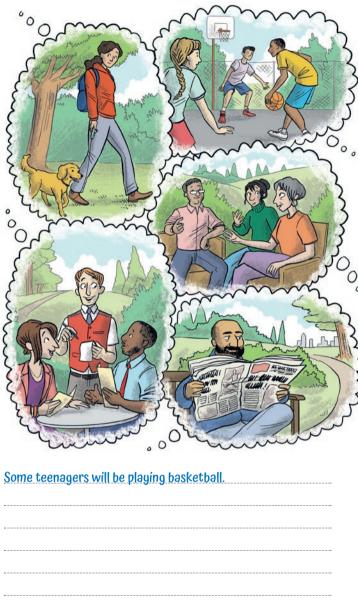
largely locally grown, sustainable, plant-based diet.
There's a lot of work to do, but the people of
Copenhagen are confident that in 2025, the whole
world 8 _______(follow) their example.

(eat) so much meat and

(replace) it with a

(heat) every home

7 ★★★ Look at the pictures in the city park at midday next Sunday. Write five sentences about what people will and won't be doing. Use the future continuous form.





3 READING

EXAM PREPARATION

Exercise 4 Preliminary for Schools Reading Part 3

ABOUT

ARTICLES

IMPACT

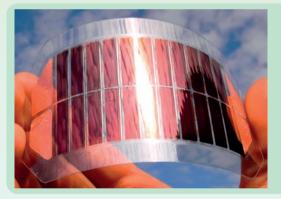
ARCHIVE

The environment: It's not all bad news

We hear many worrying stories about the environment and how we need to change our habits to stop climate change. However, there are some good news stories out there that tell of a positive impact on the environment.

When beavers escaped from captivity and started a colony in an English river in 2008, many farmers were worried about the damage they would do. In fact, their presence has transformed the environment. The beavers created pools of water by constructing dams in streams. The pools have helped more plants to grow, provided new habitats for small animals and increased fish populations. Their dams have also slowed the water, which has helped to prevent flooding after heavy rain. They have also stopped dangerous chemicals from farms from polluting the river, making a huge difference to the water quality. Scientists believe bringing back animals such as beavers, wolves and bears will become an important part of environmental policy in many countries in the future.





2 Solar power is a great way to produce clean energy, but manufacturing the solar panels themselves is expensive and not very environmentally friendly. However, Australian scientists have developed a way to print solar cells directly onto flexible thin plastic sheets, which they believe is going to transform the way we think about solar power. These sheets can be produced cheaply and quickly, and scientists say they will be incorporated into the materials used to build homes. It's possible that soon we will be living in a house that generates the electricity we use every day. This will greatly speed up the production of sustainable energy and help countries to reach their clean energy targets.

3 Everyone knows how plastic waste damages our environment, and that despite many campaigns, it is going to be with us for many years to come. Fortunately, scientists in the UK may have found a way to tackle the huge mountains of plastic waste. The team at the University of Portsmouth used plastic-eating bacteria discovered in Japan in 2016 to create a 'super-enzyme', which can eat plastics and fabrics quickly and easily. Although some people say the only way to save the planet from the dangers of plastic is to reduce the amount we use, scientists hope that these new enzymes will be an effective way to reduce the amount of plastic waste that already exists. And that is certainly good news.



Glossary

dam – a barrier across a river that stops water from moving
 super-enzyme – a powerful substance that helps a chemical change happen more quickly



An article

An article		to complete the sentences.
1 ★☆☆ Read the te correct subtitle (A-	xt. Match each story (1–3) to the C).	1 Many of the environmental benefits have come from the beavers
1 <u>B</u>	A Consuming waste	A building their homes on the water.
2	B Nature knows best	B building barriers across the water.
3	C Homes producing power	C hunting fish and smaller animals.
		-
	e to an unknown word in a text, there are	D digging large holes.
UP! strategies to he	elp you work out the meaning.	2 In the future, it is possible that
	part of speech – noun, verb, adjective, etc. clues in the word itself. Do you know any	A buildings will have solar cells in their walls.
parts of it?		B solar power will be the main source of electricity.
3 Look at the countries the word.	ontext – the words or sentences around	C people will be able to print their own solar panels.
the word.		D fewer buildings will be powered by the sun.
? ★☆☆ Read the Sk	xill UP! and match the words from the	3 The super-enzyme developed in Portsmouth
text with the defini		A can only eat things made from plastic.
1 B colony	A an agreed plan of action	B cannot be used on things made from more than one
2stream	B a group of plants or animals that	material.
3pollute	live together in one place	C consumes plastic that nature cannot break down.
4 policy	C to add dirty or harmful	D is based on a Japanese invention.
5material	substances to air, water or land	4 Campaigners believe that
6generate	D a small river	A it is more important to use less plastic than develop
Generate	E to produce	super-enzymes.
	F a substance that something is	B better recycling of plastic waste is the answer.
	made from	C super-enzymes are the best thing we can do to beat the problem of plastic waste.
	uestions and match them to the	D super-enzymes are unlikely to work.
correct story (1, 2,		F AAA Ammuulka maakkaa Walii aanalaka makaa
	out scientists improving ey found in nature?	5 * Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.
on something th	1 □ 2 □ 3 ☑	1 Which story did you find the most surprising? Which
2 Which story is ab	oout scientists improving	story do you think could have the biggest impact on the environment? Explain your answers.
on an existing in	vention? 1 🗌 2 🔲 3 🗌	environment. Explain your answers.
, ,	ing to solve a growing	
problem?	1 🗆 2 🗀 3 🗀	
	tions some positive	
things which no happen?	one expected to 1 □ 2 □ 3 □	
• •	out an invention that	2 What wild animals still live in your country and what
	ly reduce levels of	wild animals used to live there? Do you know what happened to them?
greenhouse gase		парреней со шет:
6 Which story begi	ns with an accident?	

1 🗌 2 🔲 3 🔲

3 REVIEW

EXAM PREPARATION

- Exercise 1: First for Schools Reading and Use of English Part 1
- Exercise 2: Oxford Test of English for Schools Reading Part 1

1 Choose the correct words to complete the text.

This year, our school is taking part in Earth Challenge, a campaign that is trying to ¹ promote the cause of the environment and raise awareness of climate				
² It is organized by the Earth Day organization, and aims to get people from all over the world to ³ a bit of their time to do some scientific research in their local area.				
After reading about how things like climate change and the use of chemicals in farming are ⁴ insects and destroying their natural ⁵ , my friends have decided we ⁶				
data about insect populations in our area. We next week with local farmers to				
request the use of their land for the research. We hope that our findings ⁸ scientists understand better what is happening to our insects so that they can ⁹ the right things are done to protect them in the future.				
Earth Challenge is a great way for everyone to get involved in ¹⁰ the planet. Because together, we can and we ¹¹ a difference.				

1	Α	donate	B	promote	С	reach	D	launch
2	Α	energy	В	loss	С	change	D	damage
3	Α	give	В	have	С	take	D	hold
4	Α	supportin	ng		В	suffering		
	С	inspiring			D	threatening	5	
5	Α	homes	В	habitats	С	places	D	reserves
6	Α	are going	g to	collect	В	will collect		
	С	collect			D	will be colle	ecti	ng
7	Α	are meet	ing	5	В	meet		
	С	will meet			D	going to me	eet	
8	Α	are helpii	ng		В	will help		
	С	help			D	will be help	ing	3
9	Α	inspire	В	transform	С	ensure	D	establish
0	Α	finding	В	promoting	С	achieving	D	saving
1	Α	make			В	will make		

D are going to make

2 Read each text and choose the correct answer (A, B or C).

To: Syed

Dear Sved.

We are writing to you at this important time of year to ask for your continuing support for our campaign to protect the Sumatran tiger.

As you know, each year we rely on your donations to ensure we can carry out our vital work.

This year, we hope that you will be able to help us reach our target of £500,000.

- 1 What is the purpose of the email?
 - A to raise funds
 - B to promote a cause
 - C to launch a campaign

Bright Futures

We believe that the world will be a better place to live if everyone plays a part in building the future.

Our work is about promoting the benefits for young people of helping out in their community. We also connect organizations in need of support with young people who wish to give their time.

Help us reach our target of finding new opportunities for 5,000 young people this year.

- 2 What is the aim of Bright Futures?
 - A to raise money for local youth projects
 - **B** to promote the work of local organizations
 - **C** to inspire young people to be volunteers

Hi, Nathan. Did Jo tell you about everyone's plans for this evening? She and Rob are coming to mine at 8.00. They wanted to be here before the match begins, but she made a mistake. It starts at 7.45, so they're going to miss the first 15 minutes. If you want to be here for kick off, you'll have to come earlier. It's no problem for me. Bye for now, Lewis.

- 3 Why did Lewis send the message?
 - A to tell Nathan what time to arrive
 - B to explain a problem
 - C to invite Nathan to his house

C will be making

3 LANGUAGE SUMMARY

VOCABULARY

Fundraising (verb + noun collocations)

Student's Book p33

achieve a goal

give your time

launch a campaign

make a difference

promote a cause

raise funds

reach a target

save the planet

donate money

sign a petition

hold an event

find sponsors

Nature and the environment

Student's Book p34

absorb

carbon footprint

climate change

damage

green

greenhouse gases

habitats

loss

reduce

species

suffer

support

sustainable

threaten

EXTRA Verbs related to change

Student's Book p38

ensure

establish

inspire

recreate

transform

GRAMMAR

Future tenses: will, be going to, present simple and continuous for future

♦ Student's Book p35

will	
Predictions	We'll win the school football match. She'll pass her exams easily.
Spontaneous decisions	I'll cook dinner! I'll help!

be going to			
Intentions	I'm going to call him now. We're going to visit Gran later.		
Prediction (based on external evidence)	Look at those clouds. It's going to rain soon. It's going to be hot tomorrow.		

Present simple		
Events on timetables	The train leaves at 11.30. Our last class finishes at 3.30.	

	Present continuous		
	Plans with a fixed time / place	I'm having a coffee in town with Simon on Wednesday.	
	Plans with other people	I'm visiting the museum with Sarah next week.	

Future continuous

♦ Student's Book p37

• We use the future continuous to talk about something happening during a period of time in the future.

Future continuous	iuous			
I / You / He / She / It / We / They	will won't	be	going.	
Will	I / you / he / she / it / we / they	be	going?	
Yes, No,	I / you / he / she / it / we / they	will. won't.		